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THE WEATHER.
Virginia, fair; cold;
er, slight to fresh
Western winds.

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TILLMAN SPEAKS WITH GUARD OF DETECTIVES

South Carolina Senator Uses His Pitchfork With a Vengeance In Chicago Hall.

WHITE MAN MADE OF BETTER CLAY

Negroes Are Burden Bearers, He Says —President Criticized for Dismiss- ing Negro Regiment—Mayor De- clined to Preside Over Meeting, But the Senator Says He Didn't Ask Him

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 27.—The effort of colored citizens of Chicago to prevent United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman from delivering an address here tonight in Orchester Hall was unsuccessful. When the senator arrived in Chicago early this afternoon he was told of the threatened injunction to prevent him appearing on the platform, and of a money consideration that had been offered if he would cancel his engagement, but Mr. Tillman expressed scorn for both.

Until he leaves for Fon Du Lac, Wis. tomorrow, Mr. Tillman will be guarded by police and private detectives. This is in accordance with an order issued by Mayor Edward F. Dunne, who was scheduled to preside at tonight's meeting, but who refused to have anything to do with the affair after a committee of colored citizens had criticized him.

Tillman's Speech.

After telling in detail how the negro is prevented from casting his ballot in the South, Senator Tillman said "There is a great deal more to this question than the little racket here in Chicago."

A voice—"How about the negro judge?"
Senator Tillman—"Well, I will tell you about your negro judge and about your political machines putting him on your ticket and bamboozling these poor ignorant baboons into electing him and then how afterwards you fell out with the ticket without knowing what was on it and found a way to cut him out."

"No matter what the people in the North may say or do, the white race in the South will never be dominated by the negro and I want to tell you now that if some states should ever make an attempt to 'save South Carolina' we will show them that we will make it red hot before we make it black."

God Did It.

"God Almighty made the Caucasian of better clay than the Mongolian or the African or any other race. The Ethiopian is burden bearer. He has done absolutely nothing for history nor has he ever achieved anything of great importance. There are no great men among the race. Yet this people has been picked out by the fanatics of North and lifted to the equality of citizenship and to the rights of suffrage. No doubt many of you have listened to the oratory of the greatest colored man of this country, Booker Washington."

Washington Had White Father.
"He had a white father, and his brains and his character he has inherited from that father."

Says President Was Wrong.

Senator Tillman told his audience of a negro and white woman marrying in the South and declared that the people of North were in a measure responsible for this state of affairs. In this connection Senator Tillman said "Now as a general illustration of injustice that is sometimes done, President Roosevelt discharged three companies of colored soldiers without a court martial, and in doing this he punished innocent men for the crime of a few. In doing this he transcended the authority of the law and he ought not to have done it."

During Mr. Tillman's speech, a colored man and Russian were arrested for creating a disturbance in the gallery.

Protected by Detectives.

Senator Tillman gave his address protected by the forty detectives. In anticipation of trouble a number of policemen were kept at nearby stations in reserve, but they were not called for. Six negro policemen mingled with the crowd which blocked the street in front of hall.

The audience were many negroes, they listened to Senator Tillman's words good naturedly and although was interrupted many times, the thing passed off without trouble.

Fifteenth Amendment.
While discussing the 15th amendment to the constitution, which he declared gave the negro every right that a white man had he was interrupted several times by one of his listeners who kept asking "How about Kentucky." Finally Mr. Tillman seemed to loose his temper and exclaimed "Oh shut your mouth. You don't know the A B C of this thing. I forgot forty

years ago more than you ever knew." "You make up your minds that equality before the law and 15th amendment guarantees right and should be enforced not withstanding its results."

If this law was enforced it would result in two states at least being dominated absolutely by negroes, four other states would so near being governed by the negro that there would practically be an equal division of offices."

"To Hell With the Law."
A voice—"How about the law?"
Senator Tillman—"The law—to hell with the law."

Criticizes Mayor.

Mr. Tillman took occasion to criticize Mayor Dunn's action in refusing to preside at the meeting. "I have been told I have been snubbed by the Mayor of this city," said the Senator. "I did not ask Mayor Dunn to be here tonight. If any one has been snubbed it is the gracious ladies who planned this meeting to help raise money for Chicago University and who wanted Mayor Dunn to come and add his mite."

COMMITTEE INVESTIGATES NEW STYLE OF SPELLING

Can Congress Make the Supreme Court Adopt the President's Phonetic Style?

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D.C., Nov. 27.—The house committee on the legislative executive and judicial appointments had the advantage of the appearance before it today of public printer Tilling on the question of simplified spelling in congressional documents. The bill came before the committee as to both the old and the new style of orthography, the estimates of the treasury being that the new style and the reproduction of the current law would greatly increase expenses.

Attention was called to the fact that the supreme court of the United States had refused to recognize the executive order for a change of spelling, and the question was raised whether by legislative enactment that tribunal could be compelled to adopt the modern system.

The same question arose with reference to the executive departments, the question there being whether congress could compel those departments to comply with the order.

There were so many points at issue that there was no attempt made to reach a conclusion today.

The public printer agreed with some members of the committee that an effort to maintain different systems of the executive and legislative branches would involve extra expense.

AN INLAND WATERWAY TO AVOID HATTERAS

Inland Waterway Association Wants Twelve Foot Route from Nor- folk to Beaufort.

(By Associated Press.)
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 27.—A dozen principal sea and inland ports in the states on the South Atlantic seaboard were represented in the second annual meeting of the inland waterway association here today with James H. Chadbourne of Wilmington presiding.

The addresses were by Congressman John H. Small and Chas. R. Thomas of North Carolina, Maj. Hale of Fayetteville, representing the National Rivers and Harbors, Congressman J. A. Taylor, president Wilmington chamber of commerce; C. H. Forrest, of Baltimore; W. D. Morgan of South Carolina; H. R. Jackson, of Charleston, S. C.; Col. P. Stovall, of Savannah, Ga. and others. Delegates to the association have accepted an invitation to visit Fort Caswell at the mouth of Cape Fear River, with the local chamber of commerce tomorrow.

The delegates were very enthusiastic and the meeting is giving great impetus to the movement of improvement of national waterways, primarily, with the project of a twelve foot protected route from Norfolk, Va. to Beaufort, N. C., avoiding the dangerous Cape Hatteras.

STATE EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCES BEGINS

Governor Swanson and Supt. Eggleston Address Big Crowd at Richmond Academy.

(By Associated Press.)
RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 27.—The initial meeting of the State educational conference was held in the Academy of Music here this evening.

It was a large and enthusiastic meeting of persons interested in education. Mayor McCarthy presided and addresses were made by Governor Swanson and Superintendent of Public Instruction Eggleston. The governor spoke on education in Virginia and Mr. Eggleston called attention to the importance of training the existing enthusiasm in proper channel.

A feature of evening was some pretty fine singing by a choir of city high school pupils.

The conference is to last until Saturday. The attendance of educators is large.

SUGAR TRUST FINED FOR TAKING REBATES

United States Circuit Court Finds American Sugar Refining Company Guilty.

FINE, \$10,000: REBATES, \$26,000

Company Allowed Sixty Days in Which to Prepare an Appeal—Judge Says Old Law Carried Imprison- ment, But Under Elkins Amend- ment Only a Fine is Imposed.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—A fine of \$10,000 was imposed upon the American Sugar Refining Company by Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court today for accepting rebates from the New York Central railroad company.

The company was allowed sixty days to prepare an appeal.

The Defendant's Agreement.

Prior to the imposition of sentence T. K. McIlvaine the defendant's counsel made a lengthy argument in support of his motion for an arrest of judgement. He contended that the contract made with New York Central by Lowen M. Palmer, president, when the rebates were granted, could not be held to be binding or be criminal.

Judge Holt in the course of discussion observed that in his opinion Mr. Palmer could under the interstate commerce act as supported by the Elkins bill have been indicted and convicted for soliciting the rebates.

Former Act Carried Imprisonment.

Under the former enactment he would upon conviction have been imprisoned," said Judge Holt. "While under the Elkins law a fine only could be imposed."

Mr. McIlvaine insisted that it was no crime for the shipper to solicit the rebates at the time Mr. Palmer made the contract.

Judge Holt reiterated that he was satisfied that it was a crime to solicit.

Other Indictments Pending.

It is understood that United States attorney Simson will move for trial some of other pending rebate indictments. Indictments are still pending against the Western Transit company, the Delaware Lackawanna and Western railroad company in addition to indictments against the New York Central, the American Sugar Refining company of New York and the American Sugar Refining company of New Jersey. Indictments are also pending against C. Gonoloe Edgar Earle, wholesale sugar dealer of Detroit, and vice President Nathan Guilford, of the New York Central.

It is also said the grand jury will shortly examine into the carrying of commodities other than sugar.

MEAT INSPECTION LAW SHOWS SOME RESULT

Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry Returns from a Tour of In- spection.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—Alonzo D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, under which office the administration of the meat inspection law, enacted at the last session of congress, is carried out, has returned from a western tour of inspection which included a visit to packing houses in Chicago, Milwaukee, Denver and Kansas City.

He says every where there is apparent the effects of the execution of the law and a manifest desire on the part of packers to comply with the inspection. In some places new structures have replaced old ones and other extensive improvements to the plants already established have been made so as to bring them up to the standard required by the meat inspection act for the health and comfort of packing house employees.

Dr. Melvin says there were some cases in which packers have proceeded rather grudgingly in making the necessary improvements due to the outlay of money required.

First Meeting in Months.
(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—For the first time in several months there was a full attendance at the cabinet meeting today. A number of topics were called up and discussed for almost three hours. One of these related to some feature of the Cuban situation, but no statement was obtainable on the subject.

BLOODY CLUB TELLS STORY OF FOUL CRIME

Douglas Gourley Murdered in His Room Over Salters' Creek Saloon

ROBBERY THE SUPPOSED MOTIVE

Murderer Left Behind No Clue to His Identity and the Authorities are Puzzled—Coroner's Jury Ad- journs Over Until Friday After Hearing Witnesses.

With his head beaten almost to a pulp, Douglas Gourley, a white man 58 years old, was found dead on the floor of his room over Charles Burton's saloon, on Cypress avenue, yesterday morning at 8 o'clock. A bloody club a pick handle, was discovered under the bed and it was apparent that the man had been murdered. Robbery is supposed to have been the motive, but the authorities can only theorize, as no clue to the identity of the murderer has been found.

The building in which the crime was committed is a two story frame structure, situated just across Salters' creek from this city and within a hundred yards of the Newport News and Old Point Railway and Electric Company's line. It is in Elizabeth City county and the county authorities are handling the case.

Finding of the Body.

As he approached his saloon about 8 o'clock yesterday morning, accompanied by A. A. Gilmore, a painter employed at the shipyard, Mr. Burton observed that the place had not been opened as usual. Gourley had retired about 10 o'clock Tuesday night and was supposed to open early the next morning. Burton had closed the place, taking with him all the cash from the register.

Entering the saloon, the men noticed blood on one of the pool tables and say that the ominous red drops were coming through the ceiling from a room above. Hurrying up the steps they came upon the awful scene described above. They summoned Dr. William Hoskins but there was nothing for the doctor to do except pronounce the man dead. Life had been extinct for hours.

Robbery the Purpose.

It seems certain that robbery was the purpose of the murderer. The cash register and other drawers in the bar had been ransacked. Entrance had been forced through a window.

It is supposed that the robber searched the saloon and finding no money, thought that the previous day's collections of the bar would be found upstairs in the bar tender's room. A blood-soaked pillow and the general appearance of things in the room made it evident that the unfortunate man was sleeping when the murderer struck him.

Gourley boarded at the home of Mrs. A. L. Travass, 1738 Twenty-eighth street. The body was removed to this house by Undertaker Rouse and funeral services will be conducted today.

Gourley had lived in this section for a number of years. He had no relatives here and his wife from whom he was estranged years ago, lives in New York state. The law firm of Lett & Massie has just received a check of \$50 from the New York Central Railroad, in partial settlement of a claim on account of the death of Gourley's son, who was killed on that road some time ago.

CORONERS' JURY FAILS TO DISCOVER A CLUE

Inquest Adjourned Over Until Friday —Witnesses Heard Behind Closed Doors.

Daily Press Bureau Trice Building.

Hampton, Va., Nov. 27.—Upon learning by telephone of the murder of Gourley, Deputy Sheriff Curtis notified Dr. G. K. Vanderslice, the coroner, who was soon on the scene of the tragedy. A jury, consisting of Messrs. H. S. Thompson, David Frankel, W. E. Dobson, H. M. Mugler, R. L. Tignor and C. T. Kemp was empanelled. After viewing the premises and the remains of the dead man the jury took a recess until 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

When the jury reconvened in the jail office at 4 o'clock it was decided to enter into a secret investigation. Six or eight witnesses were heard by the jury, but none of those examined could throw any light on the mystery or give a plausible reason why any one should have desired to murder Gourley.

Robbery the Motive.
About the only facts the jury has

been able to secure is that Gourley was murdered and that he was probably put to death by someone who visited the saloon for the exclusive purpose of robbery.

The jury adjourned over until Friday morning without obtaining any information upon which a tangible clue could be based. Dr. George K. Vanderslice, the coroner, stated last evening that the evidence so far brought out was of very little use to the authorities in solving the mystery.

It is known that Gourley carried a life insurance policy in the Virginia Life Insurance company, but there is no significance attached to this feature. He did not have any money on his person and Mr. Burton had taken all the change belonging to the saloon home with him.

Gourley, who was a painter and member of the Hampton Painters' Union, had no relatives in this vicinity. He was for several years a bar tender in Phoebus.

Was a Suspect Once.

When Artilleryman New, the Fort Monroe soldier, who was killed by Dick Phillips, colored, in the Alabama House, Phoebus, Gourley was arrested on suspicion of being connected with the crime. He soon proved an alibi and was discharged from custody. Gourley had been bar tender for Burton only two weeks.

The man who broke into the saloon, through a window, used tools similar to those used recently by the robbers in Hampton, Phoebus and Newport News. The tools and the murderous pick handle were stolen from a box along the tracks of the street railway company.

May Offer a Reward.

It is understood that an attempt will be made tomorrow to get the board of supervisors to offer a reward for the capture of the murderer of Gourley.

There was a report in circulation tonight to the effect that Gourley had testified against a negro in a recent trial, and another to the effect that when the murder is solved the usual "woman in the case" will be discovered.

ENGLAND HAS FEARS OF UNITED STATES "TRUST"

Southern Cotton Company's Occu- pies Attention of Parliament, is Being Watched.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Nov. 27.—In the house of commons today, replying to a question as to what steps the government intended to take in order to checkmate the "trusts" scheme under the name of Southern Cotton Company, the chairman of the board of trade, Mr. McLeod George, said he understood the scheme was being organized in the United States to regulate the price of cotton by means of storage and gradual shipments.

The development of course would be carefully watched but the board of trade did not understand that Lancashire cotton trade at present was greatly alarmed.

FISH COMPANY GETS LITTLE CONSOLATION

Protest Against Action of Mexican Government is Not Well Received.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—A delegation of officials of the gulf fisheries company received little consolation today when it called at the State department to enforce its protest against the action of the Mexican government in seizing several of the companies boats on charges of fishing within three mile limit, prohibited by the government.

The case of fishing smack Lizzie Adams was decided in favor of the government by the Mexican lower court and it is said that unless a further protest is made by the United States the higher courts are likely to sustain the decision in the smack will be confiscated by Mexico. The evidence before the State department indicates that the Mexican government was warranted in making the seizures.

CRUISERS TO BE DOCKED.

Washington and Tennessee Going to Navy Yard.

(By Associated Press.)

NORFOLK, VA., Nov. 27.—The cruisers Washington and Tennessee which escorted the battleship Louisiana bringing President Roosevelt and from Panama, will be dry-docked here. Engine defects that developed on Washington and caused her to fall behind in the trip up the coast will be remedied.

While at this station the wireless apparatus on both vessels will be put to a thorough test.

GEORGIA BUILDING.

Saw Mill Association Donates Thou- sand Dollars.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 27.—The Georgia and Florida Saw Mill Association its session at Jacksonville, Fla., today made a donation one thousand dollars toward the erection of Georgia building at the Jamestown Exposition, the design of which is to be Bulloch Hall, the colonial home of President Roosevelt's mother at Roswell, Ga.

The president will be asked to dedicate the building.

LASHED TO WHEEL, WOMAN STEERED SHIP

While Her Husband and One Man Aboard Endeavored to Set a Sail.

HELD ON FOR 48 HOURS

Although White Seas Swept the Deck And Wind Tore Sails to Tatters Mrs. Frank McGuire Held Vessel's Head to the Wind and Rode Out of the storm.

(By Associated Press.)

MACHIAS MAINE, Nov. 27.—Lashed to the wheel of the schooner Gold Hunter, the Captain's wife Mrs. Frank McGuire, steered the little vessel during a terrific gale while her husband and only one man worked for hours to set a sail on the topmast of the craft.

The vessel showed plainly the marks of the storm on her arrival here eleven days out. Her deck was swept clean and her sails were in tatters. But the hull withstood the terrific pounding it received. The Gold Hunter left Portland Nov. 10 with a general cargo for this port, November 11th.

Wind Split Mainmast.

The Gold Hunter made good progress until sudden gust of wind split the mainmast of vessel and carried away the jib. Without her head sails the little schooner became unmanageable. The sea made up rapidly and the vessel was continually smothered in the wash of the sea.

With great patience and consummate seamanship the two men labored for hours to bend a foresail so as to bring the vessel up to the wind, while Mrs. McGuire, lashed to the wheel aided as well as she could by what steering was possible. Many the foresail was rigged, double reefed and while the two men clung exhausted to the mast Mrs. McGuire brought the vessel around head to the wind and held her there for 48 hours.

Kept Up By Excitement.

Before the fury of gale the vessel drifted out to sea for 88 miles. In all this time it was impossible to cook food or even to heat coffee. Kept up only by the excitement, Mrs. McGuire clung to her post through the height of the gale while McGuire and his man attended to their labors. The storm continually broke the sail from its insecure fastenings.

It was a man's work all the while the helm kicking strongly to wind but the endurance of the rugged north woman was equal to the task. November 13th the two men rigged together a sail and Mrs. McGuire was relieved from her position.

Under such scanty canvas as could be set it was hard and slow work bringing the Gold Hunter into her port where she had about been given up for lost.

PRESIDENT DISMISSES PORTO RICAN OFFICIAL

District Attorney Noah B. K. Pettin- gill Failed to Answer Satisfac- torily.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—President Roosevelt today directed the dismissal from office of Noah B. K. Pettigill, United States district attorney for Porto Rico. Before the president left Washington on his Panama trip charges affecting Mr. Pettigill had been reported and were referred to the attorney general.

These charges were that while district attorney he had in the capacity of private attorney, entered suit against another government officer, charging gross misconduct while in office. General Moody received an answer to the charges from Mr. Pettigill, but this was not satisfactory to Mr. Moody or the president. The action of the district attorney, the president said, amounted practically to malfeasance in office.

Miss Langhorne Weds.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—At St. John's church today Miss Alice Langhorne was married to Stanley Washburn, of Minneapolis, son of former United States Senator Washburn.

Mrs. Powell Clayton, Jr., the bride's sister, was matron of honor and W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis, acted as his brother's best man. Former Senator and Mrs. Washburn were among the out of town guests.

The bride is a cousin of Mrs. Chas. Dana Gibson and is a member of the Langhorne family of Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. Washburn will reside in Minneapolis.